THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

2022 ANNUAL REPORT

Pursuant to §32-1-207(3)(c) and the Amended and Restated Service Plan for Three Hills Metropolitan District (the "**District**"), the District is required to provide an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners of Jefferson County (the "**BOCC**") with regard to the following matters:

For the year ending December 31, 2022, the District makes the following report:

§32-1-207(3) Statutory Requirements

1. Boundary changes made or proposed to the District's boundaries.

There were no boundary changes made or proposed to the District's boundaries in 2022.

2. Intergovernmental Agreements entered into or terminated with other governmental entities.

The District did not enter into any Intergovernmental Agreements in 2022.

3. Access information to obtain a copy of rules and regulations adopted by the board.

The District rules and regulation can be found at https://threehillsmetrodistrict.com/

4. A summary of litigation involving public improvements owned by the District.

To our actual knowledge, based on review of the court records in Jefferson County, Colorado and the Public Access to Court Electronic Records (PACER), there is no litigation involving the District's public improvements as of December 31, 2022.

5. The status of the construction of public improvements by the District.

The District did not construct any public improvements in 2022. All public improvements are being constructed by the Developer.

6. A list of facilities or improvements constructed by the District that were conveyed or dedicated to the county or municipality.

No facilities or improvements were constructed by the District that were dedicated to and accepted by the County as of December 31, 2022. All public improvements are being constructed by the Developer.

7. The final assessed valuation of the District as of December 31st of the reporting year.

The final assessed valuation of the District for 2022 is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

8. A copy of the current year's budget.

A copy of the 2023 Budget is attached hereto as **Exhibit B.**

9. A copy of the audited financial statements, if required by the "Colorado Local Government Audit Law", part 6 of article 1 of title 29, or the application for exemption from audit, as applicable.

The 2022 Audit is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

10. Notice of any uncured defaults existing for more than ninety (90) days under any debt instrument of the District.

To our actual knowledge, there were no uncured events of default for the year ending December 31, 2022.

11. Any inability of the District to pay its obligations as they come due under any obligation which continues beyond a ninety (90) day period.

To our actual knowledge, the District has been able to pay its obligations as they come due.

EXHIBIT A 2022 Final Assessed Valuation

SCOT KERSGAARD



Assessor

OFFICE OF THE ASSESSOR 100 Jefferson County Parkway Golden, CO 80419-2500 Phone: 303-271-8600 Fax:303-271-8616 Website: http://assessor.jeffco.us E-mail Address: assessor@jeffco.us

December 5, 2022

THREE HILLS METRO
WHITE BEAR ANKELE TANAKA & WALDRON
2154 E COMMONS AVE 2000
CENTENNIAL CO 80122

Code # 4889

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION

The Jefferson County Assessor reports a taxable assessed valuation for your taxing entity for 2022 of:

\$1,131,581

The breakdown of the taxable valuation of your property is enclosed.

As further required by CRS 39-5-128(1), you are hereby notified to officially certify your levy to the Board of County Commissioners no later than December 15.

CRS 39-1-111(5) requires that this office transmit a notification by December 10 of any changes to valuation made after the original certification.

SCOT KERSGAARD Jefferson County Assessor

enc

certified:

(39-10-114(1)(a)(I)(B), C.R.S.):

CERTIFICATION OF VALUATION BY JEFFERSON COUNTY ASSESSOR

New Tax Entity ☐ YES ⊠ NO Date: December 5, 2022

NAME OF TAX ENTITY:

THREE HILLS METRO

	USE FOR STATUTORY PROPERTY TAX REVENUE LIMIT CALCULATION ("5.5%" LIMIT) ONLY							
	CCORDANCE WITH 39-5-121(2)(a) AND 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSES	SOR						
CER	TIFIES THE TOTAL VALUATION FOR ASSESSMENT FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2022: PREVIOUS YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	1.	\$	34,653				
2.	CURRENT YEAR'S GROSS TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION: ‡	2.	\$	1,131,581				
3.	LESS TOTAL TIF AREA INCREMENTS, IF ANY:	3.	\$	0				
4.	CURRENT YEAR'S NET TOTAL TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUATION:	4.	\$	1,131,581				
5.	NEW CONSTRUCTION: *	5.	\$	0				
6.	INCREASED PRODUCTION OF PRODUCING MINE: \approx	6.	\$	0				
7.	ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS:	7.	\$	0				
8.	PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT FEDERAL PROPERTY: ≈	8.	\$	0				
9.	NEW PRIMARY OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM ANY PRODUCING OIL	9.	\$	0				
	AND GAS LEASEHOLD OR LAND (29-1-301(1)(b), C.R.S.): Φ							
10.	TAXES RECEIVED LAST YEAR ON OMITTED PROPERTY AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(A), C.R.S.). Includes all revenue collected on valuation not previously	10.	\$	0				

- This value reflects personal property exemptions IF enacted by the jurisdiction as authroized by Art. X, Sec 20(8)(b), Colo. Constituion
- New construction is defined as: Taxable real property structures and the personal property connected with the structure.

11. TAXES ABATED AND REFUNDED AS OF AUG. 1 (29-1-301(1)(a), C.R.S.) and

Jurisdiction must submit to the Division of Local Government respective Certifications of Impact in order for the values to be treatd as growth in the limit calculation;

11. \$

\$

0

Jurisdiction must apply to the Division of Local Government before the value can be treated as growth in the limit calculation; use Form DLG 52B.

USE FOR TABOR "LOCAL GROWTH" CALCULATION ONLY

IN ACCORDANCE WITH ART X, SEC.20, COLO. CONSTITUTION AND 39-5-121(2)(b), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES THE TOTAL ACTUAL VALUATION FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR 2022: \$ 1. 3,783,298 CURRENT YEAR'S TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL REAL PROPERTY: ¶ **ADDITIONS** TO TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: 2. 2. \$ 0 \$ 0 3. ANNEXATIONS/INCLUSIONS: 3. INCREASED MINING PRODUCTION: § 4. \$ PREVIOUSLY EXEMPT PROPERTY: 5. 5. \$ 0 OIL OR GAS PRODUCTION FROM A NEW WELL: \$ TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY OMITTED FROM THE PREVIOUS YEAR'S TAX \$ 7. WARRANT: (If land and/or a structure is picked up as omitted property for multiple years, only the most current year's actual value can be reported as omitted property.): **DELETIONS FROM TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY** DESTRUCTION OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY IMPROVEMENTS: \$ DISCONNECTIONS/EXCLUSIONS: \$ PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE PROPERTY: 10.

- This includes the actual value of all taxable real property plus the actual value of religious, private school, and charitable real property.
- Construction is defined as newly constructed taxable real property structures.
- Includes production from new mines and increases in production of existing producing mines.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1), C.R.S., AND NO LATER THAN AUGUST 25, THE ASSESSOR CERTIFIES TO SCHOOL DISTRICTS:

TOTAL ACTUAL VALUE OF ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY \$ 3,902,057

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 39-5-128(1.5), C.R.S., THE ASSESSOR PROVIDES:

HB21-1312 VALUE OF EXEMPT BUSINESS PERSONAL PROPERTY (ESTIMATED): **

The tax revenue lost due to this exempted value will be reimbursed to the tax entity by the County Treasurer in accordance with 39-3-119.5(3), C.R.S.

EXHIBIT B 2023 Budget

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT ANNUAL BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2023

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SUMMARY 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021	ESTIMATED 2022	BUDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCES	\$ 347	\$ 11,692,186	\$ 8,796,083
REVENUE		0.075	70.550
Property taxes Specific ownership tax	-	2,275 160	73,553 5,884
Interest income	-	75,000	175,000
Developer advance	2,192	3,099,000	12,061,000
Bond issuance - Series 2021A(3)	12,205,000	-	-
Total revenue	12,207,192	3,176,435	12,315,437
Total funds available	12,207,539	14,868,621	21,111,520
EXPENDITURES			
General Fund	42,910	55,038	80,000
Debt Service Fund	, <u>-</u>	4,000	61,000
Capital Projects Fund	472,443	6,013,500	20,969,057
Total expenditures	515,353	6,072,538	21,110,057
Total expenditures and transfers out			
requiring appropriation	515,353	6,072,538	21,110,057
ENDING FUND BALANCES	\$ 11,692,186	\$ 8,796,083	\$ 1,463
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 600
TOTAL RESERVE	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 600

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX SUMMARY INFORMATION 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	Α	CTUAL	ES	STIMATED	BUDGET
	2021		2022		2023
ASSESSED VALUATION Agricultural Personal property State assessed Vacant land Certified Assessed Value	\$	1,124 32,357 3,189 - 36,670	\$	1,168 30,580 2,905 - 34,653	\$ 34,440 2,883 1,094,258 1,131,581
MILL LEVY General Debt Service Total mill levy		0.000 0.000 0.000		65.664 0.000 65.664	15.000 50.000 65.000
PROPERTY TAXES		0.000		00.001	00.000
General Debt Service	\$	-	\$	2,275 -	\$ 16,974 56,579
Levied property taxes		-		2,275	73,553
Budgeted property taxes	\$	-	\$	2,275	\$ 73,553
BUDGETED PROPERTY TAXES General Debt Service	\$	-	\$	2,275	\$ 16,974 56,579
	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	2,275	\$ 73,553

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL ESTIMATED 2021 2022				E	SUDGET 2023
	<u> </u>	202 I		LULL	<u> </u>	2020
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	347	\$	(40,371)	\$	2,026
REVENUE						
Property taxes		_		2,275		16,974
Specific ownership tax		_		160		1,358
Developer advance		2,192		95,000		61,000
Total revenue		2,192		97,435		79,332
Total funds available		2,539		57,064		81,358
EXPENDITURES						
General and administrative						
Accounting		6,738		21,000		30,000
Auditing		0,700		5,000		5,500
County Treasurer's fee		_		34		255
Dues and licenses		_		825		500
Insurance and bonds		_		495		2,500
Legal services		33,637		25,000		35,000
Election expense		· -		2,684		3,000
Contingency		2,535		-		3,245
Total expenditures		42,910		55,038		80,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		42,910		55,038		80,000
ENDING ELIND DALANCE	¢	(40.274)	¢	2.026	¢	
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	(40,371)	\$	2,026	\$	1,358
EMERGENCY RESERVE	\$	-	\$	100	\$	600
TOTAL RESERVE	\$	-	\$	100	\$	600

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	Å	ACTUAL 2021	ES	STIMATED 2022	В	JDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
REVENUE Property taxes Specific ownership tax Developer advance		- - -		- - 4,000		56,579 4,526
Total revenue		-		4,000		61,105
Total funds available		-		4,000		61,105
EXPENDITURES Debt Service						
County Treasurer's fee Contingency		-		-		849 151
Paying agent fees Bond interest - Series 2021A(3)		-		4,000		4,000 56,000
Total expenditures		-		4,000		61,000
Total expenditures and transfers out						
requiring appropriation		-		4,000		61,000
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	\$	105

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND 2023 BUDGET

WITH 2021 ACTUAL AND 2022 ESTIMATED For the Years Ended and Ending December 31,

	ACTUAL 2021	ESTIMATED 2022	BUDGET 2023
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ 11,732,557	\$ 8,794,057
REVENUE			
Interest income	-	75,000	175,000
Bond issuance - Series 2021A(3)	12,205,000	· -	-
Developer advance	-	3,000,000	12,000,000
Total revenue	12,205,000	3,075,000	12,175,000
Total funds available	12,205,000	14,807,557	20,969,057
EXPENDITURES			
Capital Projects			
Accounting	-	3,500	5,000
Bond issue costs	472,443	-	-
Capital outlay	-	3,000,000	12,000,000
Engineering	-	10,000	10,000
Repay developer advance	470 440	3,000,000	8,954,057
Total expenditures	472,443	6,013,500	20,969,057
Total expenditures and transfers out			
requiring appropriation	472,443	6,013,500	20,969,057
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 11,732,557	\$ 8,794,057	\$ -

Services Provided

Three Hills Metropolitan District (the "District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, was organized (originally as Vineyard Townsquare Metropolitan District) by order of the District Court in Jefferson County and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act, Title 32, Article I, Colorado Revised Statutes. The District's service area is location in Jefferson County. The District was established to provide financing for the design, acquisition, installation, construction and completion of public improvements and services.

Pursuant to the Amended Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$40,000,000. In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the Districts' service area, however, as of the date of this budget, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contractual.

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with the requirements of Colorado Revised Statutes C.R.S. 29-1- 105 using its best estimates as of the date of the budget hearing. These estimates are based on expected conditions and its expected course of actions. The assumptions disclosed herein are those that the District believes are significant to the budget. There will usually be differences between the budget and actual results because events and circumstances frequently do no occur as expected, and those differences may be material.

Revenues

Developer Advances

The District's general and administrative costs in 2023 will be partially funded by the Developer. Developer advances are recorded as revenue for budget purposes with an obligation for future repayment when the District is financially able to reimburse the Developer from bonds proceeds (if applicable) and other legally available revenue.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or, if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Revenues (Continued)

Property Taxes (continued)

Senate Bill 21-293 among other things, designates multi-family residential real property (defined generally, as property that is a multi-structure of four or more units) as a new subclass of residential real property. For tax collection year 2023, the assessment rate for single family residential property decreases to 6.95% from 7.15%. The rate for multifamily residential property, the newly created subclass, decreases to 6.80% from 7.15%. Agricultural and renewable energy production property decreases to 26.4% from 29.0%. Producing oil and gas remains at 87.5%. All other nonresidential property stays at 29%.

The calculation of the taxes levied is displayed on the property tax summary information page of the budget.

Specific Ownership Taxes

Specific ownership taxes are set by the State and collected by the County Treasurer, primarily on vehicle licensing within the County as a whole. The specific ownership taxes are allocated by the County Treasurer to all taxing entities within the County. The budget assumes that the District's share will be equal to approximately 8% of the property taxes collected.

Interest Income

Interest earned on the District's available funds has been estimated based on an average interest rate of approximately 4.0%.

Expenditures

General and Administrative Expenditures

General and administrative expenditures include the estimated cost of services necessary to maintain the District's administrative viability such as legal, accounting, insurance, membership dues, election and other administrative expenditures.

Debt Service

There is no debt amortization schedule provided for the Series 2021(3) Bonds (Described under Debt and Leases) as the Bonds are cash flow bonds and the timing of the payments are unknown.

Capital Outlay

The District anticipates capital outlay as outlined in the Capital Project Fund.

Debt and Leases

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021(3) (the Bonds)

Bond Proceeds

The District issued the Bonds on December 22, 2021, in the par amount of \$12,205,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to (a) finance or reimburse a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and/or installing certain public infrastructure to serve the Development; and (b) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

Details of the Bonds

The Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.625% per annum and are payable annually on each December 1, beginning on December 1, 2022, but only from and to the extent of available Pledge Revenue. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2051 and are subject to mandatory redemption to the extent of Pledged Revenue.

Details of the Bonds (Continued)

The Bonds are structured as "cash flow" bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the Bonds compounds annually on each December 1. In the event that any amount of principal of or interest on the Bonds remains unpaid on December 2, 2061, such amounts will be deem discharged and no longer due and outstanding.

Optional Redemption

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

Date of Redemption

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2026, to November 30, 2027	3.00%
December 1, 2027, to November 30, 2028	2.00
December 1, 2028, to November 30, 2029	1.00
December 1, 2029, and thereafter	0.00

Pledged Revenue

The Bonds are secured by and payable from moneys derived by the District from the following sources: (a) the ad valorem property taxes derived from the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, net of any fees and collection costs of the County Treasurer and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

Debt and Leases (Continued)

Required Mill Levy

The District is required to impose an ad valorem mill levy, the Required Mill Levy, on all taxable property of the District each year in the amount of 50 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cut, or abatement on or after September 7, 2004) or such lesser mill levy which is sufficient to pay all of the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Bonds in full.

The District has no debt, nor any capital and operating leases.

Reserves

Emergency Reserve

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserve. This reserve must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending.

This information is an integral part of the accompanying budget.

EXHIBIT C 2022 Audit

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Jefferson County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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6025 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET, SUITE 260 CENTENNIAL, COLORADO 80111 303-792-3020 (o) | 303-232-7237 (f) WWW.WCRCPA.COM

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Three Hills Metropolitan District Jefferson County, Colorado

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Three Hills Metropolitan District, Jefferson County, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, which collectively comprise the Three Hills Metropolitan District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Three Hills Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Three Hills Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Three Hills Metropolitan District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Three Hills Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Three Hills Metropolitan District's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Three Hills Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis that governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basis financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basis financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Three Hills Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplemental information listed in the table of contents are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and was not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental schedules of Debt Service Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual and Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Debt Service Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual and Capital Projects Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Summary of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property Taxes Collected have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express any opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

Watson Coon Ryan, LLC

June 21, 2023

Centennial, Colorado



THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,359
Cash and Investments - Restricted	8,492,931
Receivable - County Treasurer	10
Prepaid Expenses	3,021
Property Taxes Receivable	73,553
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	2,998,448
Total Assets	11,569,322
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	24,203
Accrued Interest Payable	⁷ 65,174
Noncurrent Liabilities:	,
Due in More Than One Year	13,518,194
Total Liabilities	14,307,571
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenues	73,553
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	73,553
Total Bolottod Innovio of Rossalioso	
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserves	100
Capital Projects	162,168
Unrestricted	(2,974,070)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,811,802)

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	E:	xpenses	Charge for Service		Program F Opera Granta Contrib	ating s and	Car Grant Contrik	s and	(Exp C Ne	Revenues enses) and hange in t Position vernmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$	58,149	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(58,149)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	<u> </u>	757,390		<u>-</u>					<u> </u>	(757,390)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	815,539	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$			(815,539)
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues							2,275 156 162,282 164,713		
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION								(650,826)	
	Net F	Position - Begir	nning of Year							(2,160,976)
	NET	POSITION - E	ND OF YEA	R					\$	(2,811,802)

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

General					Capital Projects				Total overnmental Fund
\$	1,359 100 3,021 6,349 10 16,974	\$	- - - - - 56,579	\$	8,492,831 - - - -	\$	1,359 8,492,931 3,021 6,349 10 73,553		
\$	27,813	\$	56,579	\$	8,492,831	\$	8,577,223		
\$	18,781 - 18,781	\$	4,000	\$	1,422 6,349 7,771	\$	24,203 6,349 30,552		
	16,974 16,974		56,579 56,579		-		73,553 73,553		
	3,021 100 - (11,063) (7,942)		(4,000) (4,000)	_	8,485,060 8,485,060		3,021 100 8,485,060 (15,063) 8,473,118		
\$	27,813	\$	56,579	\$	8,492,831				
							2,998,448		
						\$	(12,205,000) (765,174) (739,189) (574,005) (2,811,802)		
	\$	\$ 1,359 100 3,021 6,349 10 16,974 \$ 27,813 \$ 18,781 16,974 16,974 3,021 100 (11,063) (7,942)	\$ 1,359 \$ 100 3,021 6,349 10 16,974 \$ 27,813 \$ \$ 18,781 \$ 16,974 16,974	General Service \$ 1,359 \$ - 100 - 3,021 - 6,349 - 10 - 16,974 56,579 \$ 27,813 \$ 56,579 \$ 18,781 4,000 - - 16,974 56,579 16,974 56,579 3,021 - 100 - (11,063) (4,000) (7,942) (4,000)	General Service \$ 1,359 \$ - \$ 100 - 3,021 - 6,349 - 10 - 16,974 56,579 \$ 27,813 \$ 56,579 \$ \$ 18,781 \$ 4,000 \$ 16,974 56,579 \$ 3,021 - 16,974 56,579 \$ 3,021 - 100 (11,063) (4,000) (7,942) (4,000)	General Service Projects \$ 1,359 - \$ - 100 - 8,492,831 3,021 - - 6,349 - - 10 - - 16,974 56,579 \$ 8,492,831 \$ 27,813 \$ 56,579 \$ 8,492,831 \$ 18,781 4,000 \$ 7,771 16,974 56,579 - 16,974 56,579 - 3,021 - - 3,021 - - 100 - - - 8,485,060 (11,063) (4,000) 8,485,060 (7,942) (4,000) 8,485,060	General Service Projects \$ 1,359 - \$ - \$ - \$ 100 - \$ 8,492,831 - <t< td=""></t<>		

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Fund
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 2,275	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,275
Specific Ownership Taxes	156		-		-		156
Net Investment Income	 				162,282		162,282
Total Revenues	2,431		-		162,282		164,713
EXPENDITURES							
General:							
Accounting	18,251		-		2,671		20,922
Audit	5,500		-		-		5,500
County Treasurer's Fees	34		-		-		34
District Management	344		-		-		344
Dues and Licenses	825		-		-		825
Elections	3,031		-		-		3,031
Insurance	495		-		-		495
Legal Services	21,598		-		-		21,598
Contingency/Miscellaneous	300		-		-		300
Debt Service:			4 000				4 000
Paying Agent Fees	-		4,000		-		4,000
Capital Projects:					F 400		F 400
Engineering	-		-		5,100		5,100
Capital Outlay	 <u>-</u>		4.000		2,998,448		2,998,448
Total Expenditures	 50,378		4,000		3,006,219		3,060,597
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(47,947)		(4,000)		(2,843,937)		(2,895,884)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Developer Advance	80,376		-		2,998,448		3,078,824
Repay Developer Advance	 				(3,402,008)		(3,402,008)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 80,376				(403,560)		(323,184)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	32,429		(4,000)		(3,247,497)		(3,219,068)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 (40,371)		<u>-</u>		11,732,557		11,692,186
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ (7,942)	\$	(4,000)	\$	8,485,060	\$	8,473,118

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (3,219,068)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation/amortization expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay - Current Year

2,998,448

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., Bonds, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds record the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Developer Advances
Repayment of Developer Advance

(3,078,824)

3,265,872

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability

(5,379) (611,875)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (650,826)

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	ar	Original nd Final Budget	-	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		Budget Amounts					
Property Taxes	\$	2,275	\$	2,275	\$	-	
Specific Ownership Taxes		182		156		(26)	
Total Revenues		2,457		2,431		(26)	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		30,000		18,251		11,749	
Auditing		5,000		5,500		(500)	
County Treasurer's Fee		34		34		-	
Dues and Licenses		500		825		(325)	
Insurance and Bonds		2,500		495		2,005	
District Management		-		344		(344)	
Legal Services		45,000		21,598		23,402	
Election Expense		1,500		3,031		(1,531)	
Contingency/Miscellaneous		466		300		166	
Total Expenditures	•	85,000		50,378		34,622	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER		(00 5 40)		(47.047)		0.4.500	
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(82,543)		(47,947)		34,596	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Developer Advance		85,000		80,376		(4,624)	
Total Other Financing Sources		85,000		80,376		(4,624)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,457		32,429		29,972	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				(40,371)		(40,371)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,457	\$	(7,942)	\$	(10,399)	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Three Hills Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in and for Jefferson County, Colorado on December 9, 2004, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operated under a Service Plan approved by Jefferson County on September 7, 2004, and now operates under an Amended and Restated Service Plan (the Service Plan) approved by Jefferson County on October 26, 2021. The District was organized as Vineyard Town Square Metropolitan District, and subsequently on November 18, 2021, pursuant to an order of the District Court for the County of Jefferson, the District's name was changed to Three Hills Metropolitan District.

At special elections of the eligible electors of the District held on November 2, 2004, May 6, 2014, and November 2, 2021, a majority of those qualified to vote voted in favor of certain ballot questions authorizing the issuance of indebtedness and imposition of taxes for the payment thereof, for the purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and completion of certain public improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the governmental funds.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital equipment and facilities.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress and are not included in the calculation of the net investment in capital assets component of the District's net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

Deficits

The General Fund and Debt Service Fund reported a deficit in the fund financial statements as of December 31, 2022. The deficit in the General Fund will be eliminated with the receipt of funds advanced by the Developer in 2023. The deficit in the Debt Service Fund will be eliminated with the receipt of property taxes in 2023.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 1,359
Cash and Investments - Restricted	8,492,931
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,494,290

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 1,459
Investments	8,492,831
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 8,494,290

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposits (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$1,459.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Level 1
Morgan Stanley Institutional	Weighted-Average	
Liquidity Funds	6 Days	\$ 8,492,831

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by the generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are the quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2022:

Level 1 Inputs:

Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds

At December 31, 2022, all of District's funds held in trust accounts at United Missouri Bank were invested in the Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Funds Treasury Portfolio that are valued using quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets. This portfolio is managed by Morgan Stanley and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The fund is AAAm rated and invests in a process that seeks to select maturities based on the shape of the money market yield curve and on expectations as to future shifts in the level and shape of the curve, taking into consideration such factors as current short-term interest rates, Federal Reserve policy regarding interest rates, and U.S. economic activity. The average maturity of the underlying securities is 90 days or less.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in the District's Capital Assets for the period ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balan Decemb						-	Balance - cember 31,	
	202	21	Additions		Redu	ctions	2022		
Governmental Type Activities:									
Capital Assets, Not Being									
Depreciated:									
Construction in Progress	\$		\$	2,998,448	\$		\$	2,998,448	
Total Capital Assets,									
Not Being Depreciated	\$		\$	2,998,448	\$		\$	2,998,448	

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance -			Balance -	
	December 31,			December 31,	Due Within
Governmental Activities	2021	Additions	Reductions	2022	One Year
Bonds Payable:					
Limited Tax General					
Obligation Bonds:					
Series 2021(3)	\$ 12,205,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,205,000	\$ -
Total Bonds Payable	12,205,000	-	-	12,205,000	
Other Debts:					
Developer Advances:					
Operational	150,857	80,376	-	231,233	-
Capital	775,380	2,998,448	3,265,872	507,956	-
Accrued Interest on					
Developer Advances:					
Operational	82,524	5,379	-	87,903	-
Capital	622,238		136,136	486,102	
Total	\$ 13,835,999	\$ 3,084,203	\$ 3,402,008	\$ 13,518,194	\$ -

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding during 2022 are as follows:

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021(3) (the Bonds)

Bond Proceeds

The District issued the Bonds on December 22, 2021, in the par amount of \$12,205,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Bonds were used to (a) finance or reimburse a portion of the costs of acquiring, constructing, and/or installing certain public infrastructure to serve the Development; and (b) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

Details of the Bonds

The Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.625% per annum and are payable annually on each December 1, beginning on December 1, 2022, but only from and to the extent of available Pledge Revenue. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2051 and are subject to mandatory redemption to the extent of Pledged Revenue.

The Bonds are structured as "cash flow" bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest prior to the final maturity date. To the extent the principal of any the Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid, subject to discharge on December 2, 2061. To the extent interest on the Bonds is not paid when due, such unpaid interest shall compound annually on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Bonds. The Bonds and interest thereon shall be deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 2, 2061. The Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Bonds.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Events of Default of the Bonds

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Indenture.

Pledged Revenue

The Bonds are secured by and payable from moneys derived by the District from the following sources: (a) the ad valorem property taxes derived from the imposition of the Required Mill Levy, net of any fees and collection costs of the County Treasurer and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

The District is required to impose an ad valorem mill levy, the Required Mill Levy, on all taxable property of the District each year in the amount of 50 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation or any constitutionally mandated tax credit, cut, or abatement on or after September 7, 2004) or such lesser mill levy which is sufficient to pay all of the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the Bonds in full.

Optional Redemption

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2026, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption Premium
December 1, 2026, to November 30, 2027	3.00%
December 1, 2027, to November 30, 2028	2.00
December 1, 2028, to November 30, 2029	1.00
December 1, 2029, and thereafter	0.00

Bonds Debt Service

The annual debt service requirements of the Bonds are not currently determinable since they are payable only from available Pledged Revenue.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	-	Authorized ember 2, 2004 Election	Authorized May 6, 2014 Election		May 6, 2014		May 6, 2014		4 May 6, 2014		Nov	Authorized vember 2, 2021 Election	uthorization Used eries 2021(3)	Remaining at December 31, 2022
Public Improvements	\$	8,000,000	\$	48,000,000	\$	400,000,000	\$ 12,205,000	\$ 443,795,000						
Operations and Maintenance		500,000		1,000,000		40,000,000	-	41,500,000						
Special Assessments		-		-		40,000,000	-	40,000,000						
Intergovernmental Agreements		-		8,000,000		40,000,000	-	48,000,000						
Private Agreements		-		-		40,000,000	-	40,000,000						
Refunding		8,000,000		8,000,000		400,000,000		416,000,000						
Total	\$	16,500,000	\$	65,000,000	\$	960,000,000	\$ 12,205,000	\$ 1,029,295,000						

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$40,000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

	 ernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 100
Capital Projects	 162,168
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 162,268

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit is primarily due to costs of bonds issuance and operating expenses paid by advances from Developer.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by Three Hills Investment, LLC. (the Developer). During 2022, all of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District.

Infrastructure Acquisition and Project Fund Disbursement Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into an Infrastructure Acquisition and Project Fund Disbursement Agreement on September 20, 2021. Pursuant to the Agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the District is authorized to construct, acquire and install public improvements and other facilities and services that benefit the Property, subject to the limitations set forth in the Service Plan and the Special District Act. Under the terms of this Agreement the Developer assumes assignment of any advances made by any prior developer.

Pursuant to the Agreement, the obligations of the District in this Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed to be multiple fiscal year obligations for the purposes of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and may not exceed amounts permitted by the District's electoral authorization and Service Plan. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Certified District Eligible Costs or twenty (20) years from the execution date. The District agrees to reimburse the Developer for certified construction costs related to public improvements. Prior to reimbursement, the Developer is required to provide certain materials to the District for review. Following receipt of such materials, the District's accountant and engineer shall review the materials to substantiate the costs and issue a cost certification to the District. No payment is due until the District has adopted an Acceptance Resolution.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this Agreement totaled \$507,956 and accrued interest totaled \$486,102.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance)

The District and the Developer entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on September 20, 2021, and the First Amendment on October 19, 2022, for the purpose of funding operations and maintenance costs. Under the terms of this Agreement the Developer assumes assignment of any advances made by any prior developer. The Developer agreed to loan to the District one or more sums of money, not to exceed an aggregate of \$200,000 through December 31, 2023. Thereafter, the Developer may agree to renew its obligations by providing written notice thereof to the District.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement (Operations and Maintenance) (Continued)

Pursuant to the Agreement, the obligations of the District in this Agreement are subject to annual appropriation and shall not be deemed to be multiple fiscal year obligations for the purposes of Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, and may not exceed amounts permitted by the District's electoral authorization and Service Plan. The District's obligations under this Agreement shall terminate at the earlier of the repayment in full of the Certified District Eligible Costs or thirty (30) years from the execution date. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 2% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this Agreement totaled \$231,233 and accrued interest totaled \$87,903.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

On November 2, 2021, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$10,000,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Total Revenues		\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES County Treasurer's Fees Paying Agent Fees Contingency Total Expenditures	29 4,000 971 5,000	4,000	29 - 971 1,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,000)	(4,000)	1,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Developer Advance Total Other Financing Sources	5,000 5,000	<u> </u>	(5,000) (5,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(4,000)	(4,000)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (4,000)	\$ (4,000)

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	an	riginal d Final udget		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Net Investment Income	\$	5 000	φ	160 000	¢	157 202
Total Revenues	Ψ	5,000 5,000	\$	162,282 162,282	\$	157,282 157,282
rotal Novollago		0,000		102,202		101,202
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		10,000		2,671		7,329
Legal Services		20,000		-		20,000
Engineering		15,000		5,100		9,900
Capital Outlay	1	5,000,000		2,998,448		12,001,552
Total Expenditures	1	5,045,000		3,006,219		12,038,781
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1	5,040,000)		(2,843,937)		12,196,063
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advance	15	5,000,000		2,998,448		(12,001,552)
Repay Developer Advance	(1	1,684,900)		(3,402,008)		8,282,892
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,315,100		(403,560)		(3,718,660)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1	1,724,900)		(3,247,497)		8,477,403
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1	1,724,900		11,732,557		7,657
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	8,485,060	\$	8,485,060

OTHER INFORMATION

THREE HILLS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ended	V: C:	Prior Year Assessed aluation for urrent Year Property	Mills Lev	/ied for		To Property		es	Percent Collected	
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Levied		Levied Co		ollected	to Levied
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	21,849 23,047 32,955 36,670 34,653	39.000 39.000 0.000 0.000 65.664	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	\$	852 899 - - 2,275	\$	852 898 - - 2,275	100.00 99.89 N/A N/A 100.00	
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2023	\$	1,131,581	15.000	50.000	\$	73,553				